RESEARCH & STYLE MANUAL
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**RESEARCH AND STYLE MANUAL FOR NIS GRADES 6 - 12**

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**Sample APA Paper**

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Research and Style Manual for NIS Grades 6 - 12

Basic APA Rules

• Arial or Times New Roman, size 12 font
• Double-space between all text lines within the body of the paper, including quotes of over 40 words and the reference list
• Uniform margins of 1-inch (2.54 cm)
• Do not justify lines (align left)
• Indent the first line of every paragraph (use the tab key…do not space).
• Include a running header (may be differentiated for various teachers/subjects, but must include page number)
• Common knowledge does not need to be cited.

Style Guide

• Capitalize major words in titles of books & articles within the body of the paper (capitalize all words of four letters or more in the titles – The Very Hungry Caterpillar; Harry Potter and the Chamber of Secrets)
• Use *italics* for titles of books, periodicals (journals, magazines and newspapers), films, videos, and TV shows within the body of the paper (*The New York Times; Thirteen Reasons Why*)
• Use quotes around the title of an article or chapter in a periodical or book when using the title of the article or chapter within the body of the paper (“Kids These Days”)
• Use a comma in a series of three or more items (example: in a study by McLellan, Clarke, and Ham…)
• Use numerals to express numbers 10 & above (12 cm wide). Spell out numbers 0-9 (zero, one, etc.), except for numbers that represent time (1 hour 34 minutes), dates (August 4), and ages (7 years old).
Critical Sources – Source Analysis

Choose your sources wisely. You want to use factual information that can be trusted. The IB says to use Wikipedia if you can verify the information: "The IB may use a variety of sources in its work and checks information to verify accuracy and authenticity, particularly when using community-based knowledge sources such as Wikipedia."


Three methods for evaluating sources are:

- OPCVL: Origin, Purpose, Content, Value, and Limitation
- 5Ws: Who, What, When, Where, and Why
- CRAAP method: Currency, Relevancy, Authority, Accuracy, and Purpose.

Use Google Scholar instead of Google to find authoritative sources.

NIS tools to help you: WebPath Express, EBSCO Databases, and the library LibGuide.

In Text Citations

These citations point the reader to which reference you used, found in the Reference List.

- Include author(s) and year [if no author available, include title and year]

Examples:
- Bratton (2018) demonstrated the correlation…
- Rap lyrics can be analyzed to determine levels of societal angst (Bratton, 2018).
- Energy demands are increasing (“Globalization of Energy Demand,” 2010)

Quotations

If from a book, include page number. If from an online source without page numbers, you can count paragraphs (para. 7). If using a video, include a time stamp indicating when the quotation begins in the video: (Romero, 2019, 1:27).


If the quotation is less than 40 words, incorporate the quotation into the text and place quotation marks round the quotation. Cite the source immediately after the quotation and continue with the sentence. Here are some examples of how this can be done

Porter (1998) has stated that, “The internetworked classroom has the potential (not yet realized) to empower students” (p. 5), and this research project examines this potential.
“Semantic frames/domains represent one of the two major organizing principles for conceptual structure” (Croft & Cruse, 2004, p. 32).

In arguing for frame semantics, Croft and Cruse (2004) asserted, “Semantic frames/domains represent one of the two major organizing principles for conceptual structure” (p. 32) If the quotation has more than 40 words, use a block quotation. Begin the quotation on a new line and tab once from the left margin. Do not use quotation marks. Double-space the entire quotation, and at the end of the quotation, provide citation information after the final punctuation mark:

John Nicholson (1820) anticipated this effect when discussing farming methods in the nineteenth century:

Perhaps it would be well, if some institution were devised, and supported at the expense of the State, which would be so organized as would tend most effectually to produce a due degree of emulation among Farmers, by rewards and honorary distinctions conferred by those who, by their successful experimental efforts and improvements, should render themselves duly entitled to them. (p. 92)

**APA Reference List**

See example paper at end of guide for examples

- At the end of the paper – begin a new page for the reference list
- Use the title “Reference List” not Bibliography or Works Cited
- You can use EasyBib and/or the “Insert Citation” option under References in Microsoft Word to help create your reference list
- List all the references in alphabetical order, in one list, regardless of whether they are books/websites/interviews/etc.
- Always tab once after the first line of a reference if it runs longer than one line
- Do not number or bullet the references.
- Use the correct format for each type of source (see guides below)
- Capitalize only the first letter of the first word, the first word after a colon, and proper nouns in titles of books and articles in References (different than in the paper – example: The very hungry caterpillar).
- Italicize the name of the periodical, journal, magazine or newspaper and the volume number (if available) in References (example: The New York Times).
- Include the DOI (Digital Object Identifier – usually found on first page of article) or URL for all journal articles.
- Never add a period at the end of a URL
- IB requires that you include your date of access with all online sources. This is NIS practice, but you will need to manually add it to your references if using automatic citation generators like BibMe or EasyBib, copying a citation automatically created by an online program, or inserting citations using Microsoft Word.

Last updated: May 2019
## Developmental Rubric

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<tr>
<th>In-Text Citations</th>
<th>Introductory – Grade 6</th>
<th>Developing – Grades 6, 7, &amp; 8</th>
<th>Proficient – Grades 8, 9, &amp; 10</th>
<th>Mastery – Grades 9 - 12</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No in-text citations within document.</td>
<td>Some in-text citations in document, but with errors.</td>
<td>Some in-text citations used correctly, with corresponding references on the reference list.</td>
<td>In-text citations used correctly throughout the document, with corresponding references on the reference list.</td>
<td></td>
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### Paraphrasing

- **Original Thought**
  - Few, if any, of the sentences/words are written in the student’s voice. Most are exactly as written in the original text. Original author is not credited.
  - Some of the sentences/words are in the student's voice, others are exactly as written in the original text. Original author is credited with an in-text citation.
  - Most of the sentences/words are in the student's voice. The original author is credited with an in-text citation.
  - All of the sentences/words are in the student's voice, and original thought is shown. The original author is credited with an in-text citation.

- **Understanding & Accuracy of Information**
  - There is nothing to show that the student understands the information. No connections between ideas.
  - Some information is accurate, and the student shows some understanding of the material by making a few connections between ideas.
  - Most information is accurate, and student shows greater understanding of the material by making substantial connections between ideas.
  - All information is accurate. Information is clearly written and understandable, with comprehensive connections between the ideas presented.

- **Direct Quotes**
  - Does not include quotation marks and/or in-text citations
  - Some quotations are written and cited correctly, but there are errors.
  - Most quotations are written and cited correctly.
  - Correctly formatted with in-text citations and references

- **Range of Sources**
  - One or two kinds of sources, possibly including books and/or websites
  - At least three kinds of sources, possibly including books, websites, newspapers, and magazines
  - At least four kinds of sources, possibly including books, ebooks, websites, newspapers, magazines, interviews, and videos
  - Five or more kinds of sources, possibly including books, ebooks, websites, newspapers, magazines, journals, surveys, interviews, videos, and more

- **Reference List**
  - Only contains URLs and/or titles of books. Does not follow APA guidelines.
  - Attempts to follow APA guidelines, but with many errors.
  - APA guidelines are mostly followed, with few errors.
  - APA guidelines are followed with minimal errors.
Referencing Guides

See the [NIS library libguide](#) online for more info.

**Book with one author:**

1. Author. (Last name, First Initial)
2. (Date of Publication).
3. *Title of book.* (Capitalize only the first word of the title & subtitle and any proper nouns)
4. City and state or country of publication:
5. Publisher.


In-text citation: McClellan (2015, p. 7) or (McClellan, 2015, p. 7)

*books need to have the page number(s) where you found the information included inside the in-text citation if it is a quote

**Book with more than one author (up to 7 authors):**

Author, & Author. (Last name, First initial)

1. (Date of Publication).
2. *Title of book.* (Capitalize only the first word of the title & subtitle and any proper nouns)
3. City and state or country of publication:
4. Publisher.


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of authors</th>
<th>First text citation (either parenthetical or narrative)</th>
<th>Subsequent text citations (all)</th>
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<tr>
<td>Three, four, or five</td>
<td>Sharp, Aarons, Wittenberg, &amp; Gittens, 2007</td>
<td>Sharp et al., 2007</td>
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<tr>
<td>Six or more</td>
<td>Mendelsohn et al., 2010</td>
<td>Mendelsohn et al., 2010</td>
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In the reference list, write out the names of all of the authors unless there are eight (8) or more authors. If there are eight or more authors, you write out the names of the first six, then use an ellipsis (…) and then include the last/final author. Never rearrange the order of the authors!

Example for the Reference List:

Authors with the Same Name


In the reference list, alphabetize first by last name (as always), then by the first name.
In text citation: (Andy Romero, 2019) or Andy Romero (2019)

E-Book


Book written in a foreign language

Keep the original capitalization in the original language.


Translated books


In text citation: (Romero, 2017/2018).

Online reference work with no author


Website

Use either the author/creator of the website or the website owner


In Text Citation: WebMD (2017) or (WebMD, 2017)
Periodicals

Journals, magazines, newspapers, and newsletters.

1. Author, Author, & Author. (Last name, First initial.)
2. (Date of publication).
3. Title of article.
4. Title of Periodical, volume, (if available)
5. Page numbers. (include p. or pp. only if citing a newspaper article)
6. doi OR Retrieved from URL (no period at end)


Online video


- In-text citation: (Axe & Bell, 2017, 18:05)

YouTube Video

Last Name, F.I. OR Username. (Year, Month Date). Title of video [Video File]. Retrieved on date from URL


In-text citation: Wood (2015) or (Wood, 2015)

If the person’s name is not known, use the username.


- In-text citation: Nislibrary (2019) or (Nislibrary, 2019)

TED Talk found on YouTube

Last updated: May 2019
If the video was retrieved from the TED website:


In-text citation: (Robinson, 2006, 15:45)

If the TED video was posted on YouTube and that's where you retrieved it (versus directly from ted.com):


In-text citation: (TED, 2007, 1:15)

**Images**

Format could be online image, photograph, illustration or chart

Basic Format:
Artist Last Name, First Initial. Second Initial. (Year). Title of the artwork [Format]. Retrieved on date from URL

Image Without Author:
Title of work [Type of work]. (Year image was created). Retrieved on date from URL

Image With No Author, Title, or Date [Subject and type of work]. Retrieved on date from URL

Note: You still need to cite the image even if you are missing much of the information. Please try to find images that do provide this information.

**Personal Communications**

Such references are usually limited to the Extended Essay or Senior Essay in Grades 11 and 12. Personal communication must be included if obtaining support from a specialist that is not your supervisor.

Personal communication includes, but is not limited to private letters, emails, personal interviews, phone conversations. The communication is generally between two people. Transcripts of personal interviews can be included in an appendix

Cite personal communications *in text only*…do NOT include in reference list.

In-text citation: A. Romero (personal communication, March 24, 2019) or (A. Romero, personal communication, March 24, 2019)

All information taken from the APA Style Blog: [https://blog.apastyle.org/](https://blog.apastyle.org/)

Last updated: May 2019
**Musical Scores**

Basic reference for music scores:
Composer, A. A. (Date). *Title of work*. Location: Publisher.

Examples:


Text citation: (Picker & McClatchy, 1995)

If you're using something like a Dover reprint of an old score, there’s no need to include the information about the original publishing company, but do include the original publication date:


In-text citation: (Haydn, 1798/2001)

Your reference should contain only the information needed to help your reader find the source you used. Aside from composer, date, title, and location, most of the necessary information can be included in square brackets after the title. However, some classical composers’ works are known by unique catalogue numbers, and these should be included as part of the title:


Text citation: (Mozart, 1791/1970)

**iTunes Music**

Last name, F.I. of the songwriter. (Year published). Title of song [Recorded by First initial. Middle initial. Last name of performer (only include if different than the name of the writer)]. On Title of album [Audio file]. Retrieved on date from URL


**Recorded Music**

Basic reference for recorded music:
Writer, A. (Copyright year). Title of song [Recorded by B. B. Artist]. On *Title of album* [Medium of recording]. Location: Label. (Date of recording)

Last updated: May 2019
Sam
ple APA Paper

Romero

References


Sample APA Paper

This is a sample paper written in APA style in order to give you a visual reference for our style manual. You do not need to actually read this paper but do look at the comments on the margins…they are important (McLellan et al., 2019).

One of my favorite quotes is from Shakespeare’s play, Hamlet, where Polonius says, “To thine own self be true” (Shakespeare, 1999, Act 1, Scene 3). Blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah (Angela Romero, 2019). I’m just trying to fill up space at this point. It was first performed on January 14th, 1602, (Shakespeare, 1999) when Shakespeare was only 9 years old.

Only seven years later, it was performed for the Queen of England (Rowling, personal communication, February 21, 1998). All of this is poppycock…I’m making it up to come up with examples.

Shakespeare (1999) anticipated his plays would become a part of British and even English culture in 1622:

Blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah blah (p. 12).

A favorite book of mine is The Very Hungry Caterpillar, especially in the German version: Die Icine Raupe Nimmersatt (Carle, 2013). This is truly amazing since I don’t speak German, except for some words picked up from World War II movies (Bratton, 2018).

In conclusion, this paper is absolute rubbish (Andy Romero, 2019). I congratulate you if you actually read through the entire paper and applaud your endurance and sense of humor (Axe and Bell, 2017). One last thing: remember, if things get too tough, just shake it off (Swift, 2014).
Acknowledgements

Many thanks to Mrs. Angela Romero (NIS Librarian) and Ms. Amy Keus (PP Coordinator) for the compilation and formatting of this research and style manual.